LANCOM comparison of switch series

How do the LANCOM switches differ? Find the right series for your requirements here:

Series	Features
XS series	→ Aggregation switches for setting up high-performance, hierarchical switch infrastructures
	→ Distribution basis for networking subordinate access switches
	→ High reliability (stacking, redundant power supplies)
	→ CLI according to industry standard for easy migration to LANCOM switches
	→ Low TCO due to industry standard ports and no proprietary accessories
	→ Support of Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol (VRRP) and for the XS-6128QF support of Virtual Port Channel (VPC or MCLAC
GS-4500 series	→ Enterprise-class access switches with enormous switching capacity for a very high number of clients
	→ High network efficiency and ability to deploy meshed networks with multiple aggregation switches in different locations due to dynamic routing (full layer 3)
	→ High reliability (stacking, redundant power supplies)
	→ CLI according to industry standard for easy migration to LANCOM switches
GS-3000 series	→ SMB access switches for medium-sized networks with a "normal" client density
	→ Relief of the router by taking over classic router tasks such as DHCP or static routing (layer 3 lite)
	→ Proprietary CLI
GS-2000 series	→ SMB access switches for smaller branch networks with few clients for simple performance requirements of up to 1G
	→ Available as PoE or non-PoE variant
GS-1100 series	ightarrow Unmanaged switches as a simple plug & play solution for integrating office equipment into the network
	→ Available as PoE or non-PoE variant